





University of São Paulo Institute of Biomedical Sciences Department of Parasitology Unit for Drug Discovery Carsten Wrenger

### Druggability of the Cofactor Metabolism in Malaria





#### • Aptamers as diagnostic markers in infectious diseases

Brazilian-German network between the Universities of São Paulo (USP), Münster (WWU), Hamburg (UHH) and Leipzig

- Oxidative stress control in infectious diseases (helminths and protozoa) UNIBRAL partnership INFECTBIO-USP-WWU
- Rational drug design against the plasmodial energy metabolism jointly with University of Groningen within MALAR-ASP
- Nuclear receptors in Cancer

in collaboration with Fraunhofer IME

• Druggability of the cofactor metabolism in malaria and MRSA with UHH/DESY, ANU, University of Pretoria





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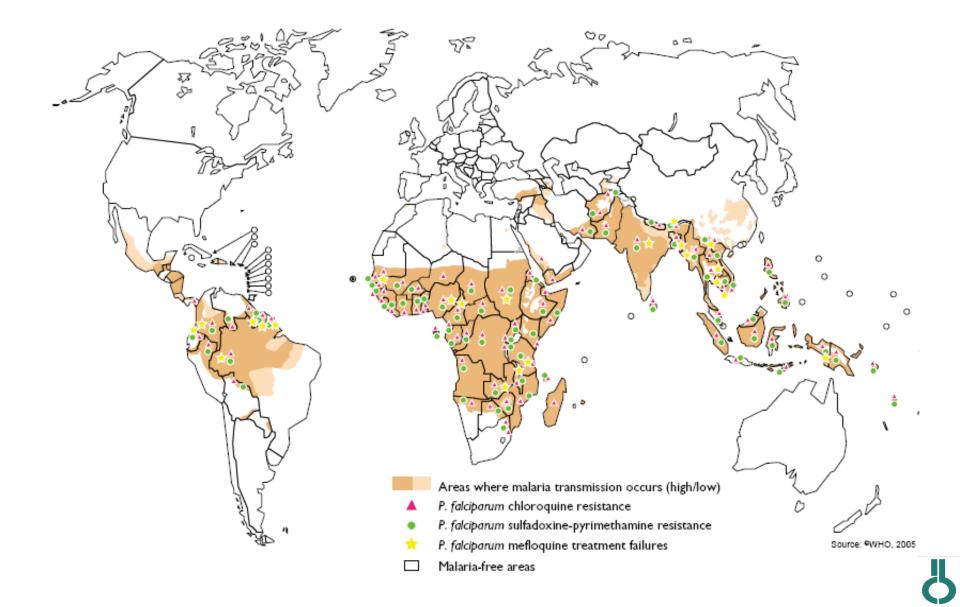
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#### Why do we need novel antimalarials ?





 Chemical agents should be specific for the parasite without affecting the human host





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  - as already known for the vitamin B9 metabolism in malaria
  - we are focusing on the vitamin B6 metabolism
  - we are also focusing on the vitamin B1 metabolism

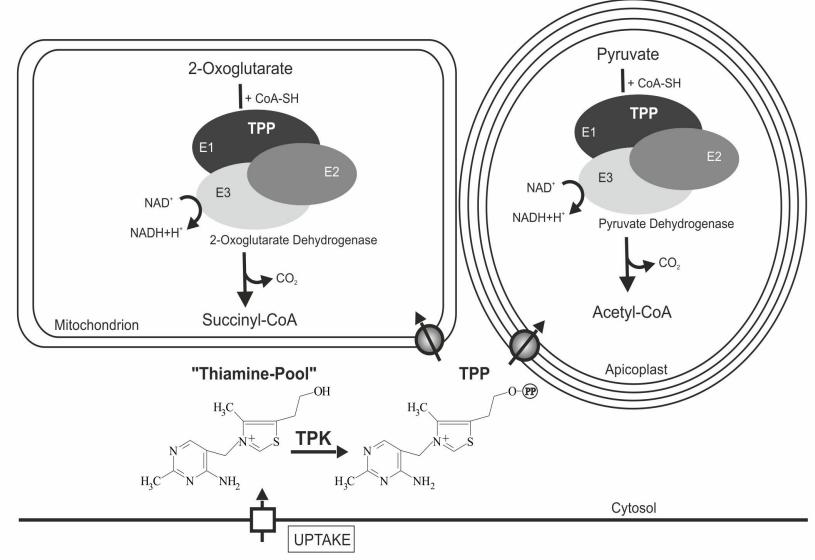




### Thiamine pyrophosphate is a cofactor



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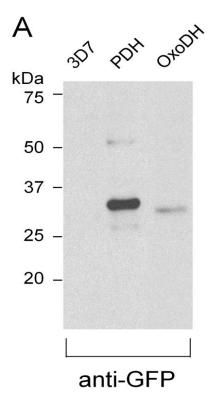


ICB-USP

Müller et al., 2010 Trends Parasitol.



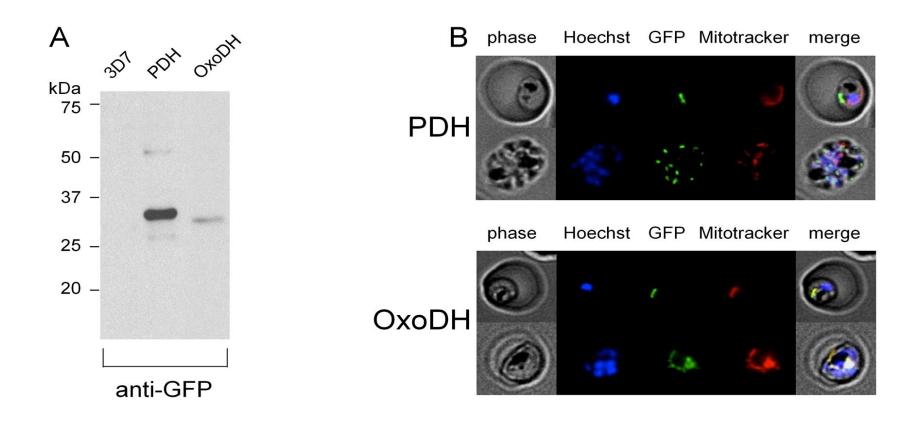
#### ... in plasmodial organelles



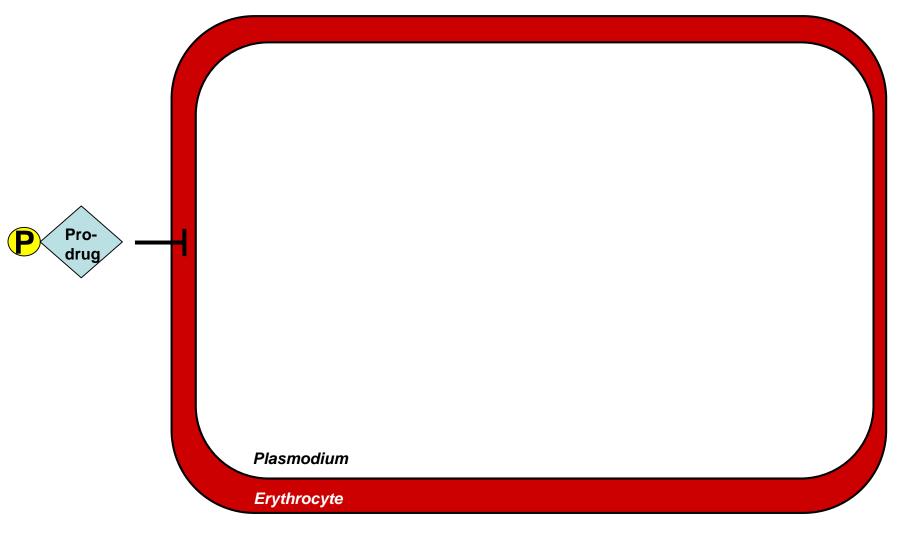


Chan et al., 2013 Nature Commun.



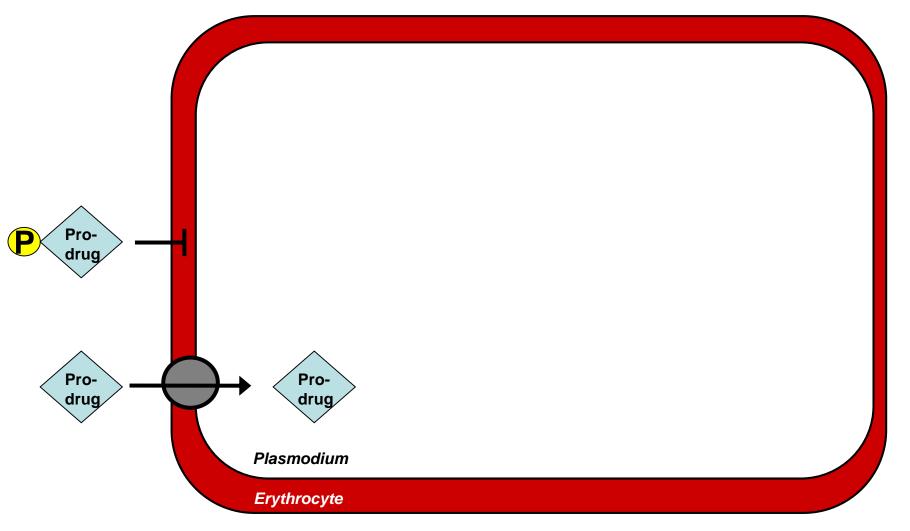






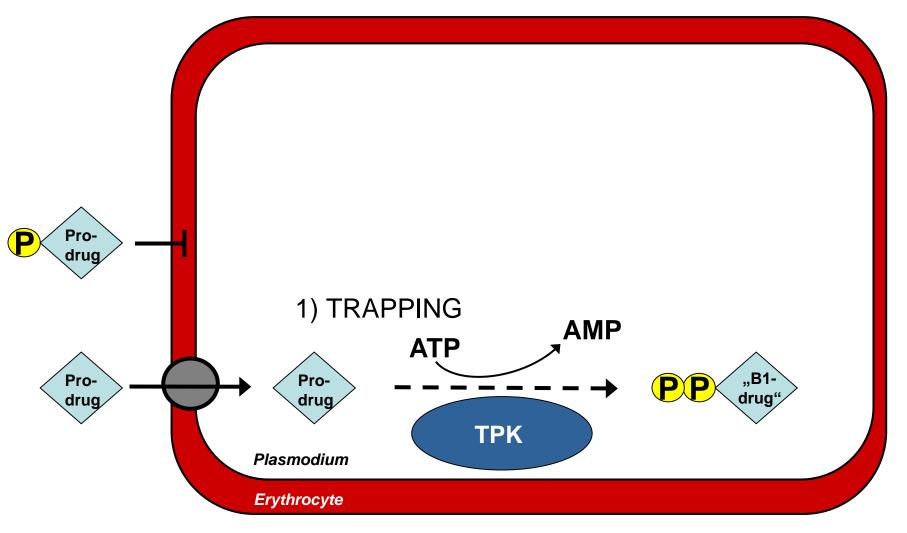


### **Discovery of suicide inhibitors**

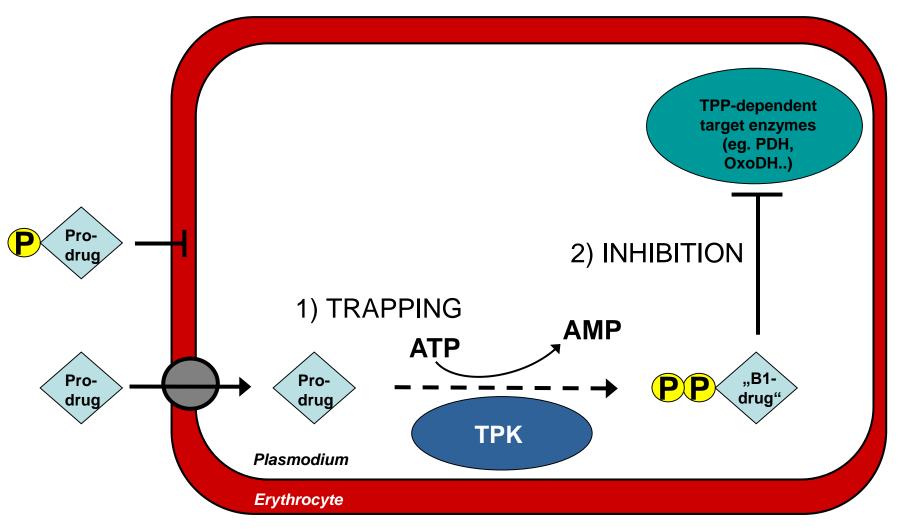




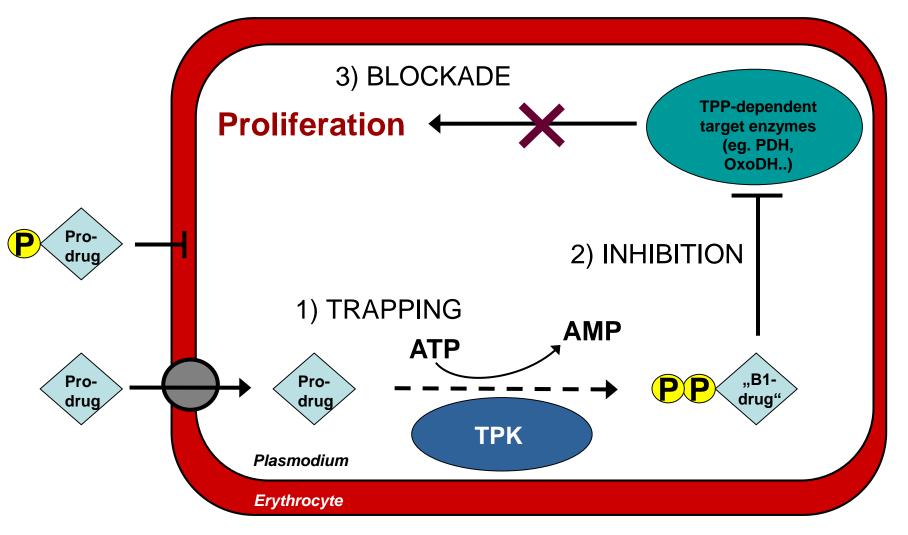
Drebes et al., 2013 Curr. Med. Chem.







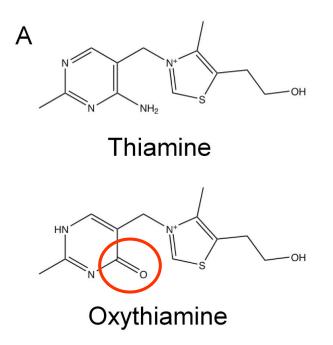








#### Druggability at the cellular level

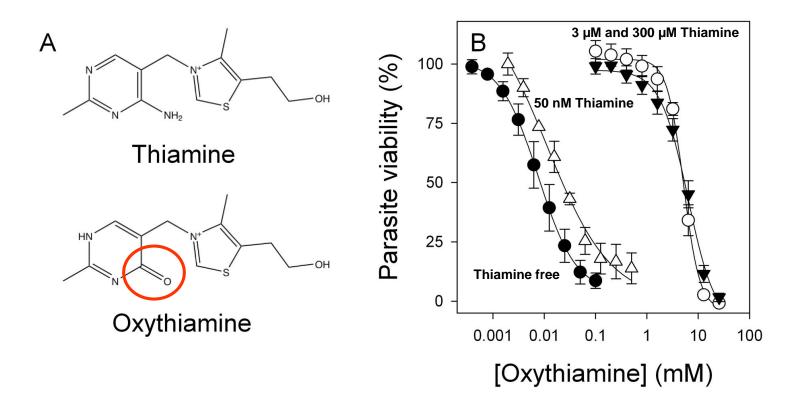




Chan et al., 2013 Nature Commun.



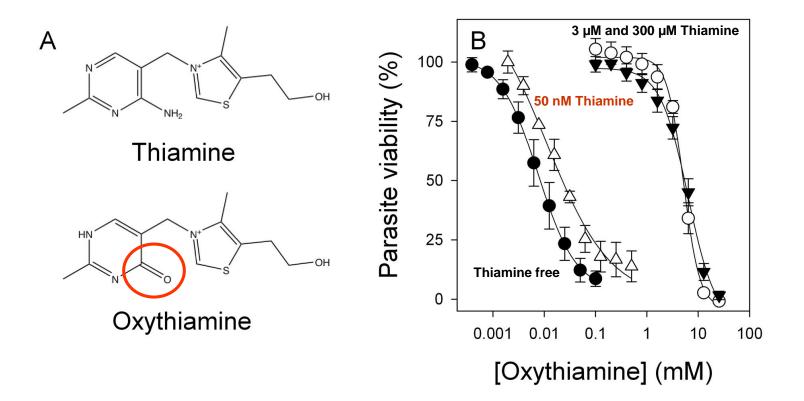
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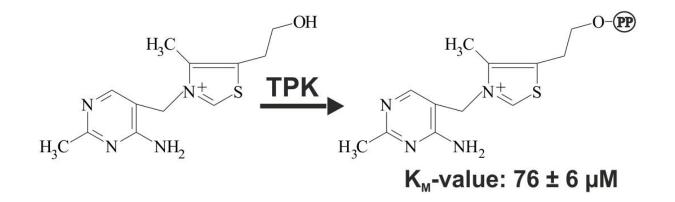
#### Druggability at the cellular level



Thiamine concentration in human serum has been determined to be about 7 - 43 nM.



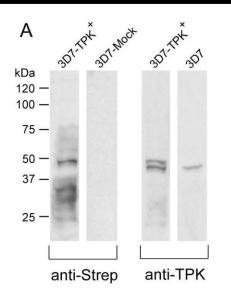
#### Is the drug accepted by the recombinant TPK?



YES!

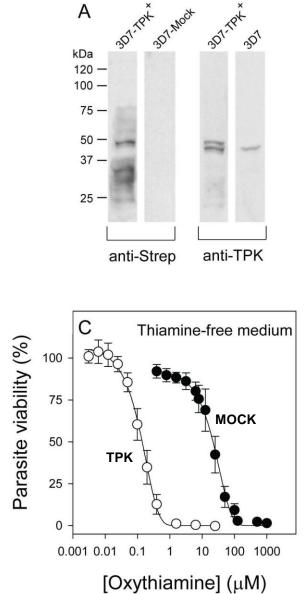


#### Is the drug also working at the cellular level?





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### Over-expression of the *Pf*TPK resulted in an

approx. 1000-fold

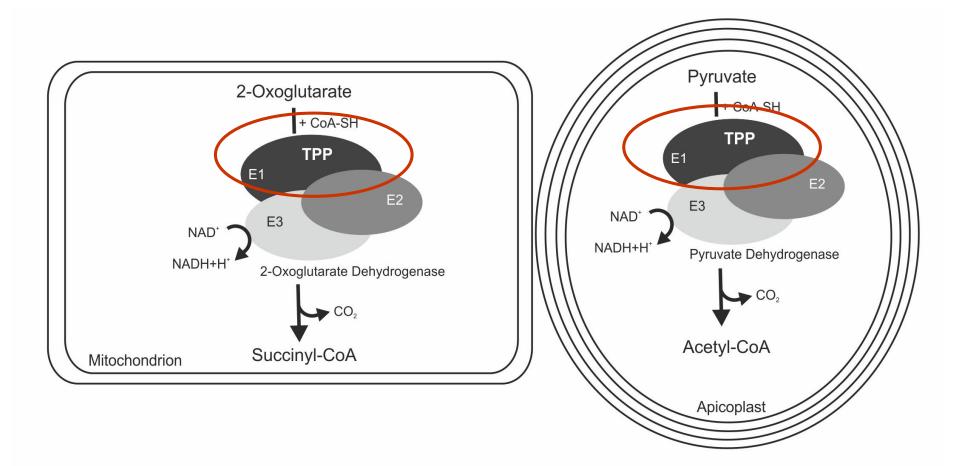
## *higher sensitivity* to oxythiamine

YES!



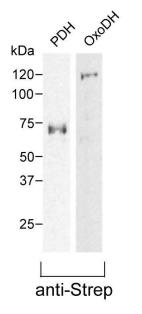
Chan et al., 2013 Nature Commun.

#### The down-stream effect

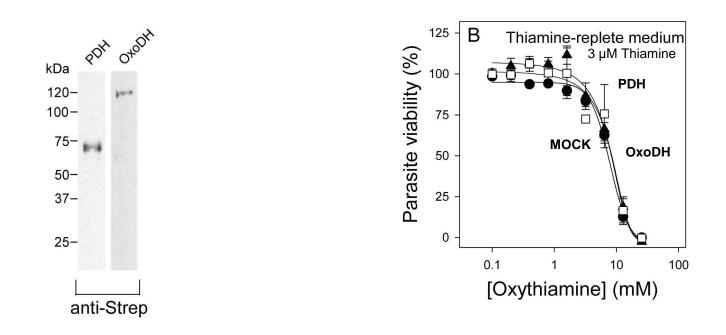




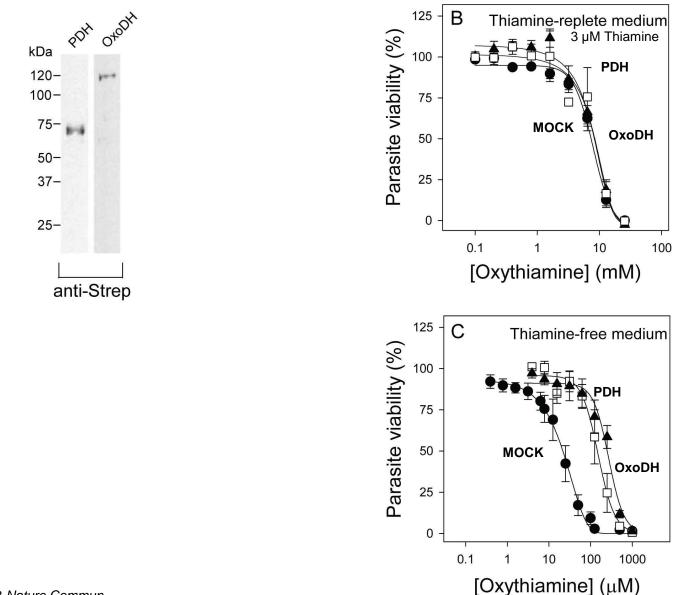
Kronenberger et al., 2013 Future Med. Chem.





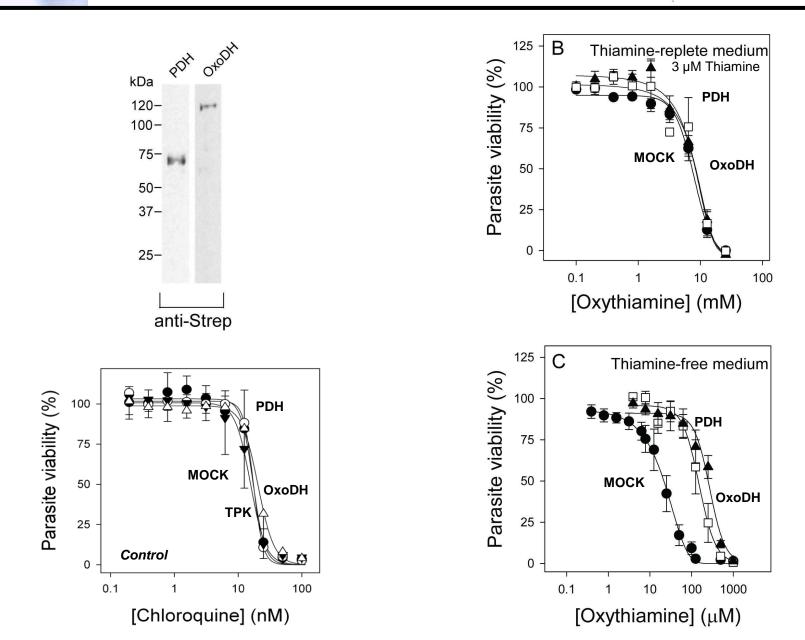








Chan et al., 2013 Nature Commun.







### Thanks

