MEXICO

PROGRAM FOR THE RECOVERY OF PUBLIC SPACES

"Public Spaces: An Agenda Towards Urban Safety"



Social and health problems

- X Delinquency
- × Drug Abuse
- × Gangs
- X Lack of communication
- Family break up/Family disintegration
- Weak community relationships
- × Sedentarism
- X Obesity







Problems that affect many Public Spaces in Mexico









Program for the Recovery of Public Spaces

In 2007, Mexico's Federal Government implemented the Program for the Recovery of Public Spaces as part of the social component of the National Security Strategy.

Objective:

To recover damaged/abandoned and insecure public spaces and to promote its community appropriation.



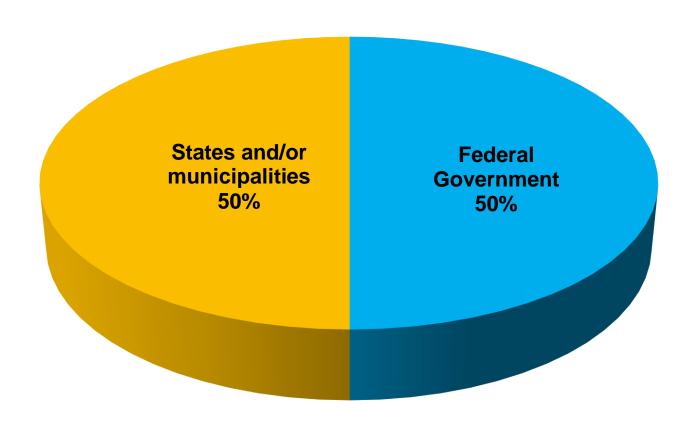
Recovery of Public Spaces

Target population: Cities and metropolitan areas with 50,000 or more inhabitants



350 urban municipalities have received funds from the program; they hold 66.5 million inhabitants

Coordination and funding



Comprehensive projects

1) Infrastructure construction / improvement





Social participation and community safety



Social participation and community safety

- Involvement of the community in the design
- Organization of community, sport and artistic activities
- Community appropriation
- Individual and community development
- Family and social interaction
- Strengthening of social cohesion



" Skate Park" Zacatecas





AFTER





" Parque Clouthier " Ciudad Juárez, Chihuahua









"Parque Eloisa Cabada" Durango, Durango

BEFORE











" Playa El Coromuel" La Paz, Baja California Sur

BEFORE



AFTER







"Centro Cultural Bicentenario" Orizaba, Veracruz







2007-2012 Achievements

- √ 4,500 public spaces recovered
- ✓ More than 1 billion dollar investment
- ✓ Over 22 million inhabitants benefited
- √ 350 municipalities received funds

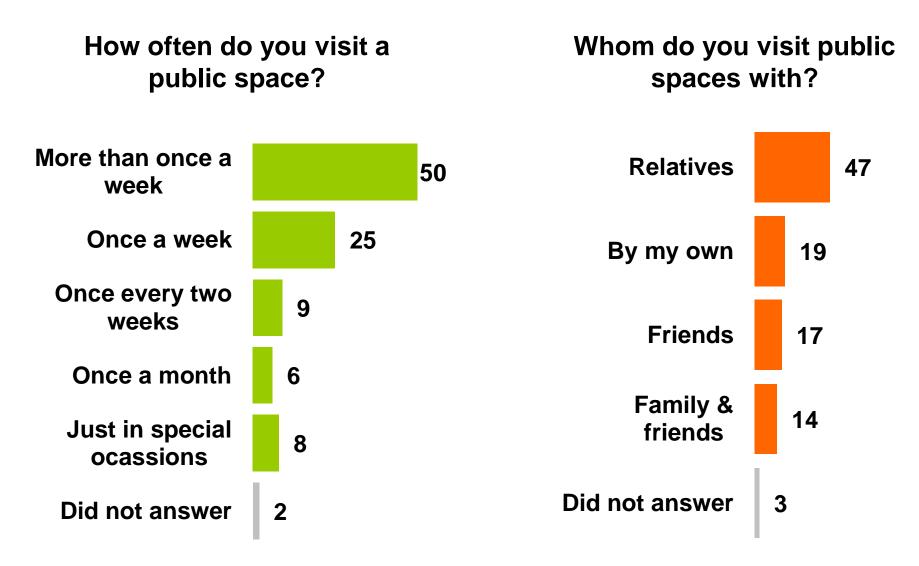






Impact measuring

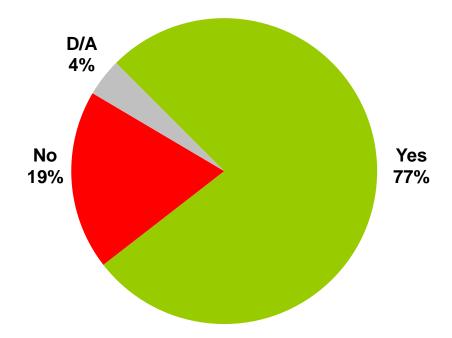
Attendance to recovered public spaces (%)



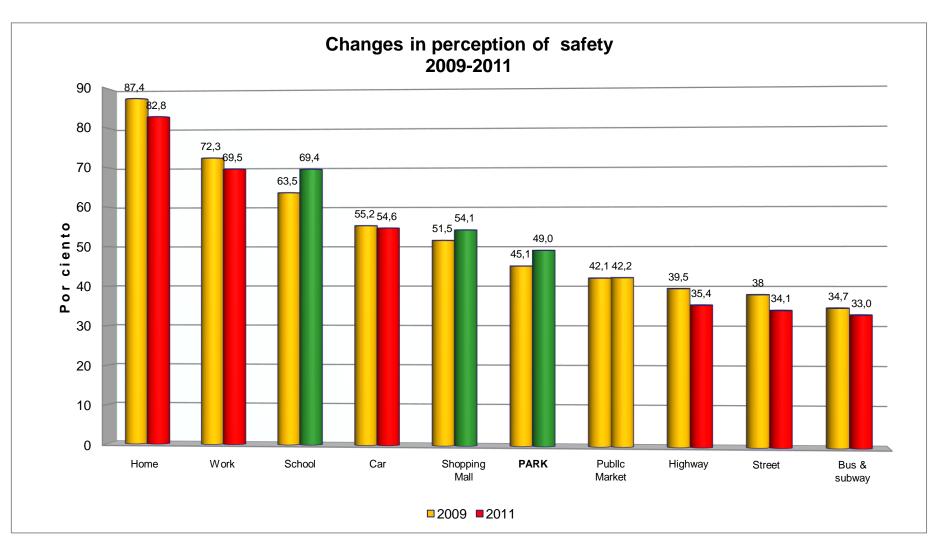
Impact measuring

Recovered public spaces' contribution to Safety perception

Did the recovery of this public space improved safety within your neighborhood?



Impact measuring



Fuente: INEGI (National Institute for Geography and Statistics)

ENSI. Encuesta nacional sobre seguridad pública 2009.

ENVIPE. Encuesta nacional de victimización y percepción sobre seguridad pública 2011.

Some lessons learned...

- 1) Work in partnership with local governments.
- 2) Universal solutions do not exist.
- 3) Involve the community in the planning and design process; never assume that you know what they need or wish.
- 4) Design inclusive public spaces (age, gender, disabled).
- 5) Design crime-prevention oriented public spaces.
- 6) Promote joint responsibility between governments and community.
- 7) Think of public spaces as a "place" but also as an "activity".
- 8) Promote intersectoral cooperation/collaboration.